# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date of issue/Date of revision 17 December 2018

Version 1.05

### Section 1. Identification

Product code	: 481103/1L
Product identifier	: JOHNSTONES PROFESSIONAL EXTERIOR OIL JARRAH
Recommended use and restr	ictions
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Supplier's details	: PPG Architectural Coatings 9 Birmingham Ave Villawood, NSW 2163 Australia Tel: +61 2 9794 1200 Fax: + 61 2 9794 1237
Emergency telephone number	: Australia 1800 883 254 / New Zealand 0800 000 096

### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

: Not classified.

**Classification of the** 

result in classification

No signal word.	
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
	ded,
Not applicable.	
1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 :	<ul> <li>No signal word.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is need have product container or label at hand.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>

Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction.

# Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.

EC number	: Mixture.
	• •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••



### Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Ingredient name	CAS number	% (w/w)
	34590-94-8 57-55-6	1 - <10 1 - <10

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment or have an OEL and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

### Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necessary firs</b>	aid measures
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>zts</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symp	i <u>toms</u>	
Eye contact	: No specific data.	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	
See toxicological information	n (Section 11)	

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### Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides</li> </ul>
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>
Hazchem code	: Not applicable.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for con	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol		Safe Work Australia (Austra Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	alia, 4/2018).
propane-1,2-diol		Safe Work Australia (Austra TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Fo TWA: 474 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Fo and particulates TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. For particulates	orm: Particulate orm: Vapor
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be contaminants.	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.	
For products that are sprayed, NZS 4114.	, where practicable use a spray booth de	esigned and maintained in accord	lance with AS/
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work they comply with the requirements cases, fume scrubbers, filters or er equipment will be necessary to red	of environmental protection legis ngineering modifications to the pr	lation. In some ocess
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face th eating, smoking and using the lava Appropriate techniques should be used Wash contaminated clothing before safety showers are close to the work	tory and at the end of the working used to remove potentially contain e reusing. Ensure that eyewash s	period. ninated clothing.
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### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Restrictions on use	: Not applicable.

References: Eye protectors should conform to AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337. Chemical-resistant gloves should conform to AS/NZS 2161.1. Respiratory protection should conform to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Occupational footwear should conform to AS/NZS 2210.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.	
octanol/water	1	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n-	1	Not available.	
Solubility	1	Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.	
Bulk Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	1	1.29	
Relative density	1	1.29	
Vapour density		Not available.	
Vapour pressure		Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 100°C (212°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]	
Boiling point	1	100°C (212°F)	
Melting point	:	Not available.	
рН	:	8	
Odour threshold	:	Not available.	
Odour	1	Not available.	
Colour	1	Light brown.	
Physical state	:	Liquid.	
Appearance			

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity : Not Applicable

Section 10. Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides	

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
2-methoxymethylethoxy)	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	500 ppm	4 hours	
F - F	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	9.5 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.23 g/kg	-	
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.		
Irritation/Corrosion					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.		
Eyes	: There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.		
Sensitisation					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.		
Mutagenicity					
Not available.					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available	on the mixture i	tself.		
Conclusion/Summary					
Carcinogenicity					

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxic Not available.	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. ity (single exposure)
Specific target organ toxic Not available.	ity (repeated exposure)
Aspiration hazard Not available.	
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness
Ingestion	cracking  No specific data.
ingestion	· No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure	

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
effects			
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
<u>Long term exposure</u>			
Potential immediate	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
effects			
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.		
Potential chronic health effects			
Not available.			
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.		
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
-			

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

#### Other information

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains  $\alpha$ -[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives, bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate,  $\omega$ -[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) derivatives, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate, 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, octhilinone (ISO), reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propane-1,2-diol	-0.92	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be
	disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may
	retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil waterways, drains and sewers

### Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class (es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

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### Section 14. Transport information

Additional information				
ADG	: None identified.			
Hazchem code	: Not applicable.			
IMDG	: None identified.			
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.			

# Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard	Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
SUSMP	: Not applicable.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AICS)	
New Zealand (NZIoC)	

- : All components are listed or exempted.
- C) : Not determined.

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 17 December 2018
Date of previous issue	: 12/6/2018
Prepared by	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.	

Notice to reader

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.