



SAFETY DATA SHEET

CONCENTRATE ROUNDUP PATH & DRIVE WEEDKILLER

Infosafe No.: LQ1ER
ISSUED Date : 13/10/2015
ISSUED by: SCOTTS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

1. IDENTIFICATION

GHS Product Identifier

CONCENTRATE ROUNDUP PATH & DRIVE WEEDKILLER

Company Name

SCOTTS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Address

Level 2,
32 Lexington Drive, Bella Vista
NSW 2153 Australia

Telephone/Fax Number

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Emergency phone number

1800 033 111

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Herbicide

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of the substance/mixture

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Name	CAS	Proportion
Isopropylamine salt of glyphosate	38641-94-0	40-<45 %
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous, including water.		Balance

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms persist seek medical attention.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek medical attention.

Skin

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing, wristwatch, jewellery. Wash clothes and clean shoes before re-use. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

Eye contact

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. If symptoms persist seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities

Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically. This product is not an inhibitor of cholinesterase.

Antidote:

Treatment with atropine and oximes is not indicated.

Other Information

For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 1126) or a doctor at once.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water mist or water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Not available

Hazards from Combustion Products

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, phosphorus oxides (P_xO_y), nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical

This product is non combustible. However, following evaporation of aqueous component under fire conditions, the non-aqueous component may decompose and/or burn. Minimise use of water to prevent environmental contamination.

Decomposition Temperature

Not available

Precautions in connection with Fire

Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. Fight fire from safe location.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Collect the material and place into a suitable labelled container. Do not dilute material but contain. As a water based product, if spilt on electrical equipment the product will cause short-circuits. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

SMALL QUANTITIES: Flush spill area with water.

LARGE QUANTITIES: Absorb in earth, sand or absorbent material. Dig up heavily contaminated soil.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists, and skin or eye contact. Use only in a well ventilated area. Keep containers sealed when not in use. Prevent the build up of mists or vapours in the work atmosphere. Maintain high standards of personal hygiene i.e. Washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Store in suitable, labelled containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations. Partial crystallization may occur on prolonged storage below the minimum storage temperature.

If frozen, place in warm room and shake frequently to put back into solution.

Storage Temperatures

Minimum storage temperature: -15 °C

Maximum storage temperature: 50 °C

Recommended Materials

stainless steel, fibreglass, plastic, glass lining. Keep in original packaging.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limit values

No exposure standards have been established for this material by Safe Work, Australia. However, over-exposure to some chemicals may result in enhancement of pre-existing adverse medical conditions and/or allergic reactions and should be kept to the least possible levels.

Biological Limit Values

No biological limits allocated.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Use with good general ventilation. If mists or vapours are produced, local exhaust ventilation should be used.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC), natural rubber and/or barrier laminate. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Body Protection

Suitable protective work wear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Properties	Description	Properties	Description
Form	Liquid	Appearance	Green-Dark green liquid
Colour	Green-Dark green	Odour	Slight
Decomposition Temperature	Not available	Melting Point	Not available
Boiling Point	Not available	Solubility in Water	Soluble
Specific Gravity	1.173 (20°C/4°C)	pH	4.4-4.8 (80g/l)
Vapour Pressure	No significant volatility, aqueous solution	Vapour Density (Air=1)	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available
Viscosity	Not available	Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Density	1.173g/cm ³ (20°C)	Flash Point	Does not flash
Flammability	Non combustible	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available
Flammable Limits - Lower	Not available	Flammable Limits - Upper	Not available
Explosion Properties	No explosive properties	Oxidising Properties	None

Other Information

log Pow: -3.2 @ 25 °C (glyphosate)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reacts with galvanised steel or unlined mild steel to produce hydrogen, a highly flammable gas that could explode.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Conditions to Avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Protect from freezing.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials for storage: galvanised steel, unlined mild steel

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes and gases including carbon monoxide (CO), phosphorus oxides (P_xO_y), nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with galvanised steel or unlined mild steel to produce hydrogen, a highly flammable gas that could explode.

Hazardous Polymerization

Not available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicology Information

No toxicity data available for this material. Data obtained on similar products and on components are summarized below.

Acute Toxicity - Oral

Similar formulation:

LD50 (Rat): >2000 mg/kg body weight

No mortality.

Acute Toxicity - Dermal

Similar formulations:

LD50 (Rat): >2000 mg/kg body weight

No mortality.

Ingestion

Not classified according to GHS criteria.

Inhalation

Not classified according to GHS criteria.

Skin

Not classified according to GHS criteria.

Similar formulation:

Skin irritation

Rabbit, 3 animals, OECD 404 test:

Redness, individual EU scores: 0.3; 0.0; 0.0

Swelling, individual EU scores: 0.0; 0.0; 0.0

Days to heal: 5

Eye

Not classified according to GHS criteria.

Similar formulation:

Eye irritation

Rabbit, 3 animals, OECD 405 test:

Conjunctival redness, individual EU scores: 0.7; 1.0; 0.7

Conjunctival swelling, individual EU scores: 1.0; 1.0; 0.7

Corneal opacity, individual EU scores: 0.0; 0.0; 0.0

Iris lesions, individual EU scores: 0.0; 0.0; 0.0

Days to heal: 3

Slightly irritating to eyes but not sufficient for classification.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin Sensitisation

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Similar formulation:

Skin sensitization

Guinea pig, 9-induction Buehler test:

Negative.

No skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

Reproductive Toxicity

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

STOT-single exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

Other Information

N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine; { glyphosate acid}

Genotoxicity

Not genotoxic

Carcinogenicity

Not carcinogenic in rats or mice.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity

Developmental effects in rats and rabbits only in the presence of significant maternal toxicity.

Reproductive effects in rats only in the presence of significant maternal toxicity.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Data obtained on a similar glyphosate formulation and/or glyphosate are summarized below.

Persistence and degradability

Not available

Mobility

Not available

Bioaccumulative Potential

Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Not available

Environmental Protection

Prevent this material entering waterways, drains and sewers.

Acute Toxicity - Fish

Similar formulation:

Rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*):

Acute toxicity, 96 hours, static, LC50: > 1039 mg/L

Acute Toxicity - Daphnia

Similar formulation:

Acute toxicity, 48 hours, static, EC50: 243 mg/L

Acute Toxicity - Algae

Similar formulation:

Green algae (*Selenastrum capricornutum*):

Acute toxicity, 72 hours, static, ErC50 (growth rate): 118 mg/L

Duckweed (*Lemna gibba*):

Acute toxicity, 7 days, static, ErC50 (frond number): 74.3 mg/L

Duckweed (*Lemna gibba*):

Acute toxicity, 7 days, static, NOEC (growth rate): 19.1 mg/L

Acute Toxicity - Other Organisms

Similar formulation:

Arthropod toxicity

Honey bee (*Apis mellifera*):

Contact, 48 hours, LD50: > 279 µg/bee

Honey bee (*Apis mellifera*):

Oral, 48 hours, LD50: > 282 µg/bee

Soil organism toxicity, invertebrates

Earthworm (*Eisenia foetida*):

Acute toxicity, 14 days, LC50: > 10000 mg/kg dry soil

Other Information

N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine; { glyphosate acid}

Avian toxicity

Bobwhite quail (*Colinus virginianus*):

Dietary toxicity, 5 days, LC50: > 4640 mg/kg diet

Mallard duck (*Anas platyrhynchos*):

Dietary toxicity, 5 days, LC50: > 4640 mg/kg diet

Bobwhite quail (*Colinus virginianus*):

Acute oral toxicity, single dose, LD50: > 3851 mg/kg body weight

Bioaccumulation

Bluegill sunfish (*Lepomis macrochirus*):

Whole fish: BCF: < 1

No significant bioaccumulation is expected.

Dissipation

Soil, field:

Half life: 2 - 174 days

Koc: 884 - 60000 L/kg

Adsorbs strongly to soil.

Water, aerobic:

Half life: < 7 days

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal considerations

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Information

Road and Rail Transport (ADG Code):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code) (7th edition).

Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

U.N. Number

None Allocated

UN proper shipping name

None Allocated

Transport hazard class(es)

None Allocated

IMDG Marine pollutant

No

Transport in Bulk

Not available

Special Precautions for User

Not available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory information

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Poisons Schedule

S5

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of preparation or last revision of SDS

SDS Reviewed: October 2015, Supersedes: July 2012

References

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants, Safe work Australia.

American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals.

END OF SDS

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